



# Subset

Let  $S = \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n\} \subset \mathbb{Z}$ .

We endeavor to identify the subset  $T \subseteq S$  that optimizes the aggregate value  $M$  of its constituent elements.

More formally  $M = \max_{x_1, \dots, x_n \in \{0,1\}} \sum_{i=1}^n a_i x_i$

## Implementation Details

It is incumbent upon you to devise a program that executes the following procedures.

Given the set of length  $N$ , output  $M$

## Input

The first line contains an integer  $N$  ( $0 \leq N \leq 2 \times 10^5$ )

The second line contains  $N$  integers, denoted as  $b_1, b_2, \dots, b_N$ ;  $b_i \in S$

It is axiomatically stipulated that the value of  $b_i$  is commensurate with the parameters of a conventional 32-bit signed integer (int).

## Output

Comprises a singular line, the value of  $M$ .

## Subtasks

1. (1 point)  $N \leq 20, b_i = 0$ .
2. (99 points) No additional constraints.

# Example Test Cases

## Test Case 1

Input	Output
4 1 2 3 4	10

## Test Case 2

Input	Output
3 1 2 7	10

## Limits

- Time limit: 1 seconds
- Memory limit: 64 MB